Naval Vessel Historical Evaluation

FINAL DETERMINATION



This evaluation is unclassified

Name	Hull Number
Vicksburg	CG 69
Vessel Class	Previous Vessel Designation (if any)
Ticonderoga Class Guided Missile Cruiser	N/A
Vessel Location	Current Status
NAVSEA Inactive Ships On-Site	Stricken Final Dianosition Bonding
Maintenance Office, Philadelphia, PA	Stricken, Final Disposition Pending

Initial Evaluation Date	Initial Finding
1 August 2024	Ineligible
Final Evaluation Date	Eligibility for Listing to the National Register of Historic Places
13 January 2025	Ineligible

Vessel Snapshot

Lineage	She is named for the Siege of Vicksburg fought during the American Civil War.
Displacement	9992 tons
Length	567 ft.
Beam	55 ft.
Draft	23 ft.
Speed	32 knots
Propulsion	Four General Electric LM 2500 gas turbine engines
Armament	 2 MK-45 MOD 4 5"/54 caliber lightweight gun 2 MK-41 VLS for Standard Missiles, Anti-Submarine Rocket (ASROC) and Tomahawk ASM/LAM (127 Cells) 2 Harpoon Missile Quad-Canister Launchers (MK-141) 2 MK 32 MOD 14 Torpedo Tubes - 6 MK-46 torpedoes 2 MK 15 MOD 25 Close-in-Weapons Systems (CIWS) 2 MK-38 MOD 2 25mm Machine Gun System (MGS) 1 MK 36 MOD 2 Super Rapid-Blooming Off-Board Chaff System 2 50-Caliber Machine Guns
Laid Down	30 May 1990
Launched	2 August 1991
Built By	Ingalls Shipbuilding, West Bank Pascagoula, Mississippi
Sponsor	Tricia Lott, wife of United States Senator, Trent Lott
Delivered	21 September 1992

Commissioned	14 November 1992
Inactivated	26 July 2024
Decommissioned	26 July 2024
Stricken	26 July 2024

Vessel History

Deployment Summary

On her maiden cruise in 1994, Vicksburg was assigned to the USS Saratoga battle group, which was stationed off the coast of Montenegro. Vicksburg participated in Operation Deny Flight and Operation Provide Promise, serving as an airspace command and control platform. In May 1994, Vicksburg participated in NATO's "Dynamic Impact 94" exercise in the western Mediterranean, and in August 1994 Vicksburg joined Operation Able Vigil, helping to intercept Cuban migrants crossing the Florida Straits.

Vicksburg returned from a 6 month deployment in March 1996. During the deployment, Vicksburg participated in Operation Southern Watch in the Persian Gulf. Vicksburg also performed Maritime Interception Operations to enforce UN sanctions that prohibited exports from Iraq. Vicksburg conducted over 85 boardings. At that time, the primary contraband was dates carried by 70–100 feet (21–30 m) dhows. Vicksburg visited Italy, Spain, and the United Arab Emirates during the deployment.

In 1997, Vicksburg deployed to the Mediterranean Sea with the USS John F. Kennedy carrier battle group (CVBG).

In 1998, Vicksburg and Hué City had problems integrating AEGIS Baseline 6 and Cooperative Engagement Capability (CEC), rendering the ships unavailable for service. The USS John F. Kennedy CVBG deployed in September 1999 without Vicksburg and Hué City.

In 1999, Vicksburg participated in Baltic Operations (BALTOPS) and UNITAS 40. BALTOPS is an annual military exercise, held and sponsored by the Commander of the United States Naval Forces Europe, since 1971, in the Baltic Sea and the regions surrounding it for the purpose of training gunnery, replenishment at sea, anti-submarine warfare (ASW), radar tracking & interception, mine countermeasures, seamanship, search and rescue, maritime interdiction operations and scenarios dealing with

potential real-world crises and maritime security. UNITAS is the longstanding, multinational maritime exercise conducted annually in Atlantic and Pacific waters around Central and South America to enhance security cooperation and improve coalition operations.

In May 2000, Lockheed Martin announced that Vicksburg and Hué City completed a series of live missile firing exercises. The tests came after two years of integration and testing and paved the way for further test efforts with the entire battlegroup. Five test targets were engaged including low and high altitude threats and severe electronic countermeasures. The test also included a demonstration of engage on remote (EOR) which allowed one ship to complete an engagement against a target solely using data from a second ship.

In 2001, Vicksburg and the rest of the John F. Kennedy CVBG extensively tested the CEC system. Following the September 11 attacks, the battle group supported Operation Noble Eagle.

In February 2002, Vicksburg deployed with the John F. Kennedy carrier battlegroup (CVBG), initially to the Mediterranean Sea. In March 2002, Vicksburg was part of the John F. Kennedy CVBG as she relieved the USS Theodore Roosevelt CVBG, in support of Operation Enduring Freedom.

On 16 June 2002, off the coast of Oman, Vicksburg launched an SH-60B helicopter from HSL-42, Det 7, to assist Stolt Spray. The tanker was standing by to assist the foundering motor vessel al Murthada, but monsoon conditions prevented its assistance. Vicksburg's helicopter transferred al Murthada's distressed mariners, who had been adrift for eight days, to Stolt Spray for further transportation.

In March 2003, she was assigned to Naval Surface Group Two. In December 2004, Vicksburg and the John F. Kennedy battlegroup returned from a six month deployment to the Middle East.

Vicksburg departed on a surge deployment to the Middle East on 26 January 2006. In February, Vicksburg became the first US Navy ship to refuel from a new Defense Fuel Supply Point in Djibouti. Vicksburg returned in June 2006. On 16 February 2007, Vicksburg was awarded the 2006 Battle "E" award. She was part of Carrier Strike Group Twelve, which was led by USS Enterprise (CVN-65) until December 2012.

On 2 August 2007, Vicksburg deployed to support Fifth Fleet during Operation Iraqi Freedom. 25 January 2008, Vicksburg returned to Mayport following a six month deployment to the Persian Gulf. In February 2009,

she deployed to the Persian Gulf as part of the Dwight D. Eisenhower carrier strike group.

In 2010, Vicksburg deployed for a three month Theater Security Cooperation Surge deployment to Northern Europe.

The ship conducted exercises with the Norwegian Navy and then participated in the Joint Warrior 10-1 multinational exercise.

Vicksburg deployed with the Enterprise CVBG in March 2012 on the carrier's final deployment. Vicksburg visited Piraeus, Greece in late March 2012.

Vicksburg conducted operations with FS Cassard (D 614) April 16-24, 2012.

Vicksburg visited Bahrain at the end of May 2012 and again in August 2012.

Vicksburg visited Lisbon, Portugal on October 17, 2012. Vicksburg returned to Mayport in November 2012.

The US Navy was planning to retire Vicksburg along with eight other Ticonderoga class cruisers in fiscal year 2013 in line with US Defense Department budget reductions. The ship was scheduled to be decommissioned on 31 March 2013. Language inserted into the FY13 House of Representatives Defense Bill retained Vicksburg and two other of her sister ships that were slated for decommissioning. Retaining the ships in the active fleet was not supported by the United States Secretary of Defense, but the outcome was determined by the final FY13 Defense Bill negotiated with the United States Senate. Vicksburg and two other Ticonderoga-class cruisers were retained under the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013.

In 2014, the cruiser participated in Joint Warrior 14-2, a United Kingdom-led multinational exercise in British coastal waters. The training was designed to provide allied forces a multiwarfare environment to prepare for global operations. On 4 December 2014, Vicksburg departed Naval Station Mayport to relieve USS Leyte Gulf (CG-55) as the Standing NATO Maritime Group 2 (SNMG2) flagship and to support theater security cooperation efforts in Europe. Vicksburg relieved Leyte Gulf as SNMG2 Flagship in Naples on 20 December 2014. Vicksburg and SNMG2 deployed to the Black Sea 4 March 2015. Vicksburg and SNMG2 visited Varna, Bulgaria 7-8 March and Constanta, Romania around 16 March 2015. Vicksburg and SNMG2 left the Black sea around 20 March. In April, Vicksburg and SNMG2 visited Faslane, Scotland along with Standing

	NATO Mine Counter-Measures Groups One and Two for Joint Warrior 15-1. In May, Vicksburg and SNMG2 participated in the anti-submarine exercise Dynamic Mongoose. The ship returned to Mayport on 11 July 2015. On 1 July 2016, Vicksburg was transferred from Carrier Strike Group Twelve to the Naval Sea Systems Command (NAVSEA) and entered the Navy's Cruiser Modernization program. The ship's homeport was changed to Norfolk and the crew was reduced from 350 to less than 50. In 2017, BAE Systems announced it was awarded a special selected restricted availability (SSRA) contract for up to \$42.9 million. The work was planned for April to September 2017 at BAE Systems Norfolk Ship Repair and was part of Vicksburg's modernization. In January 2020, Vicksburg was sent to BAE Systems for an \$175 million, 18-month Service Life Extension Program (SLEP). In May 2022, Vicksburg was reported to be 85% completed with its modernization and was expected to be complete by summer 2023. The Navy requested to decommission Vicksburg in its FY23 and FY24 budgets. Navy Undersecretary Erik Raven stated that this was due to the ship's "material condition, life remaining, cost, time to upgrade and the warfighting value."
	A Decommissioning Ceremony was held on 28 June 20224. It was hosted by CDR Christopher Stolle with former commanding officer CAPT (RET) Charles Swicker as guest speaker.
Awards	-Vicksburg's crest has two stars on the streamer in the eagle's beak representing the two battle stars awarded to her predecessorCoast Guard Unit Commendation with Operational Distinguished Device -Navy Unit Commendation (4) -Meritorious Unit Commendation (4) -Navy Battle "E" (9) -National Defense Medal (2) -Global War on Terrorism Expeditionary Medal -Armed Forces Service Medal -Humanitarian Service Medal -Sea Service Ribbon (8) -NATO Medal
Noteworthy Events	In March of 2023, the Navy submitted to Congress a list of 11 ships it sought to retire, including Vicksburg which has been in the modernization program since 2016. According to Navy Secretary Carlos Del Toro in April 2023, Vicksburg and Cowpens "will never see another deployment,

	regardless of how much money we put into them." The Navy reported that costs of the modernization have increased to \$500 million.	
DANFS* Entry		

^{*}Dictionary of American Naval Fighting Ships

Criteria Evaluation¹

i.	Was the vessel awarded an individual Presidential Unit Citation? (A Presidential Unit Citation is awarded to military units that have performed an extremely meritorious or heroic act, usually in the face of an armed enemy.)	No
ii.	Did an individual act of heroism take place aboard the vessel such that an individual was subsequently awarded the Medal of Honor or the Navy Cross? (The Medal of Honor is awarded for valor in action against an enemy force. The Navy Cross is awarded for extraordinary heroism in action not justifying an award of the Medal of Honor.)	No
iii.	Was a President of the United States was assigned to the vessel during his or her naval service?	No
iv.	Was the vessel the first to incorporate engineering, weapons systems, or other upgrades that represent a revolutionary change in naval design or warfighting capabilities?	No
v.	Did some other historic or socially significant event occur on board the vessel?	No
Histori	c Evaluation Conclusion	
Assessment of integrity of (as appropriate) design, materials, workmanship, feeling and/or association (only for vessels determined to be eligible)		Ineligible

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¹ Evaluation conducted using triggers established for naval vessels in *Program Comment for the Department of Navy for the Disposition of Historic Vessels,* issued by the Advisory Council for Historic Preservation on 15 March 2010.

Sources	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/USS_Vicksburg_(CG-69)	
	https://www.navysite.de/cg/cg69.html	

Historic Preservation Stakeholder Comment

Historic preservation stakeholder comments received are considered when preparing final determinations. The initial determination for this vessel was made available for comment by historic preservation stakeholders for 60 days. During that time, the Navy received 0 written comments.

Comments Received	Comment Disposition
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